

云南巨竹属一新种

文 斌

(中国科学院西双版纳热带植物园, 云南, 勐腊, 勐仑, 666303)

关键词 巨竹属; 勐仑巨竹; 新种

勐仑巨竹 小泡竹(勐仑) 新种(图1)

Gigantochloa menlunensis B. Wen sp. nov.

Planta caespitosa, Culmierecti, usque 7~8m alti et 1.5~2cm diametro, quartus ad 3~4mm crassis, apice Penduli: internodiis ad 35~40cm longis, viridibus, teretibus, initio incanuspilis facile decidibus. Culmi gemm ati in quoque nodis, nodi vaginarum leviter prominuli, nodi culmorum plani. Vaginae culmorum deciduae, coriaceae, semiellipticae, grey-nigeris, 6~9cm longae, basi 5~7cm latae, apice angustate, ad 1.5cm latae, basin versus confertae in parte superiore silveroiciliatae, subauriculis ligula 3mm alta, laminis reflexis, lanceolatis, facile deciduis, dorso glabris, 5~6cm logae, basi 1~1.2cm latae. Romos in 8~10 nodis, subbranchlet, nodis usque 8~10. Romulis, ramulis usque 7~10 foliatis. Vaginae folii 10~20cm logae, jurentute dorso albidus-hispida, mox decidua, margine albociliata, ligula 2~3mm alta, petido 2~5mm longo, laminae lanceolatis, 20~28cm longis et 3.5~5cm latis, nervis secundarris utrinque 10~11 jugis. Turiones in Aug~October. Inflorescentia ingota.

植株丛生,秆直立,通常高7~8m,直径1.5~2cm,第4节壁厚3~4mm,顶端下垂,节间长约35~40cm,绿色,圆筒形,初具灰色柔毛,易脱落。秆每节具毛,箨环微隆起,秆环平。箨鞘脱落性,革质,半椭圆形,灰黑色,长6~9cm,基部宽5~7cm,先端狭窄,宽约1.5cm,背面密被银黑色柔毛,尤从基部较密,上部具银白色柔毛,箨耳不显,箨舌高约3mm,箨叶反折,披针形,易脱落,背面无毛,长5~6cm,基底宽1~1.2cm。分枝在8~10节,无明显主枝,每节具8~10枝,每小节通常具7~10叶,叶鞘长10~20cm,背面初具白色柔毛,不久脱落,边缘具白色针毛,叶舌高2~3mm,叶柄2~5mm;叶片披针形,长20~28cm,宽3.5~5cm,侧脉10~11对。笋期8~10月。花序未见。

本种是目前巨竹属中最小一种,仅见于西双版纳勐腊县。篾性好,是编织用上品。用于庭园绿化,景观较好。

A New Species of *Gigantochloa* From Yunnan

Wen Bin

(Xishuangbanna Tropical Botanical Garden, the Chinese Academy of Science, MengLun MengLa, Yunnan, 666303)

Key words *Gigantochloa*; *G. menlunensis*, New species

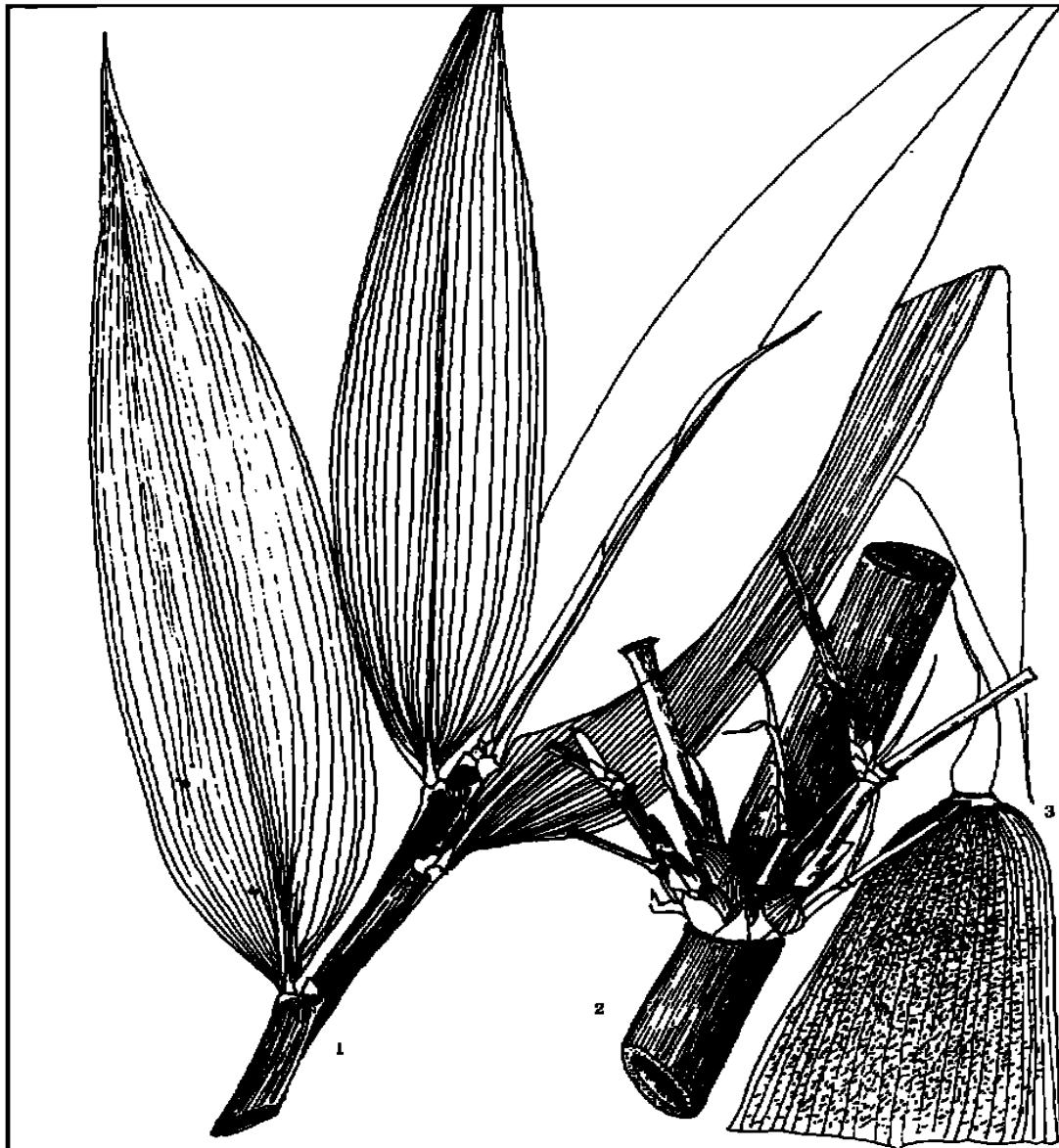


图1 勐仑巨竹